









- 1 Market
- 2 Information
- 3 Strategy

Gas market today?



SHARE OF FOSSIL FUELS IN EU ENERGY PRODUCTION (PL)





Source: Eurostat, https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database

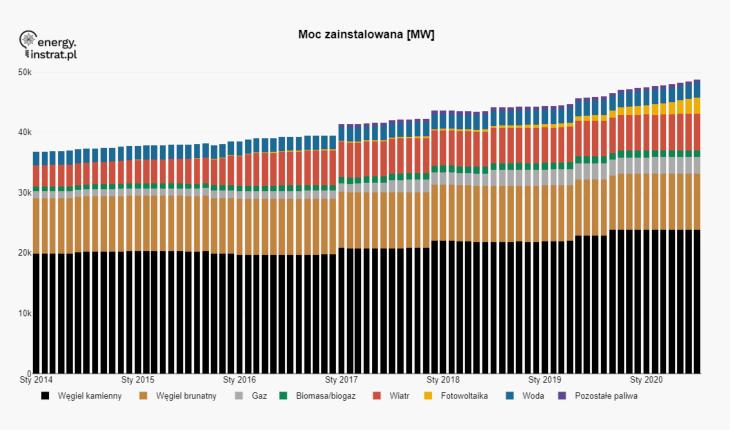
SHARE OF GASEOUS FUELS IN EU ENERGY PRODUCTION (PL)





Source: Eurostat, https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database

NPS - INSTALLED CAPACITIES



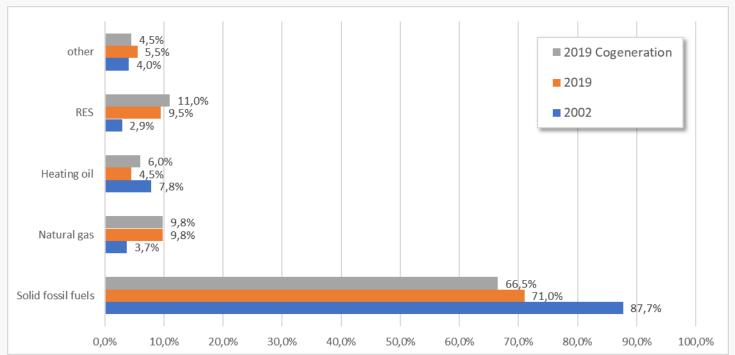
Źródło: wykres energy.instrat.pl, dane z entsoe & ARE

Today the structure of production capacity is being slowly shifted, primarily as a result of erecting photovoltaic installations which feature support systems. However, this largely applies to "prosumer" projects - projects by individual customers.

The increasing demand for energy "supports" to a large extent the current production resources based on fossil fuels. However, gas-based "capacities" can be seen to systematically increase the NPS production base.



FUELS - STRUCTURE OF FUELS USED FOR HEAT GENERATION IN 2002 AND IN 2019



ERO (Heat Power Engineering) - in 2002-2019, or following eighteen years of research by licensed district heating companies, it can be concluded that the diversification of fuels used for heat generation is progressing very slowly. Coal fuels are definitely dominant, with a 71% share in fuels consumed in heat sources in 2019 (versus 72.5% in 2018). Since 2002 the share of coal fuels has decreased by 10.7 percentage points, while share of gaseous fuels and renewable energy sources has increased - by almost 5.8 percentage points and 6.6 percentage points respectively.



REQUIREMENTS AND DECISIONS



WHAT AFFECTS BUSINESS

European Emission Allowance price chart for DEC-19 and DEC-20



Closing prices for key European market-related prices December 2019 / 2020

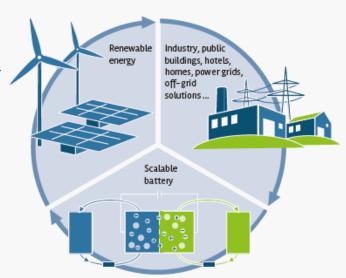
| Contract | Closing price | Change |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| EUA DEC-21 | € 24.65 per t | 169.1% |
| Annual contract for electricity (DE) | € 42.1 per MWh | -20.94% |
| Annual contract for electricity (EN) | PLN 184.80 per MWh | 65,4% |
| Brent oil barrel | \$53.80 per bbl | -19.5% |
| Gas contract (POLPX) | PLN 120 per MWh | 6.2% |
| Gas contract (TTF) | € 19.75 per MWh | 5.33% |
| Annual contract for coal (ARA) | \$83.70 per t | -1.9% |



RES, ENERGY STORAGE FACILITIES, GAS

THE CHALLANGE

- ► Gas turbines and renewable energy sources are starting to solve their problems themselves. Turbines have long played a major role in helping to meet demand spikes, but also in balancing the lack of energy produced from renewable energy sources.
- ► The current increase in renewable sources, which is a promise of a reduction in our carbon footprint, poses a threat to network operators as their volatility and unpredictability make balancing and planning complicated.
- ▶ A highly desirable solution is a gas turbine system with a battery, in which storage is a kind of back-up to be activated to smooth out and optimise operation of the network.
- ► Moreover, energy generated by wind, which isn't used to balance market demand, can be used to produce hydrogen, which then may be introduced into the gas network.

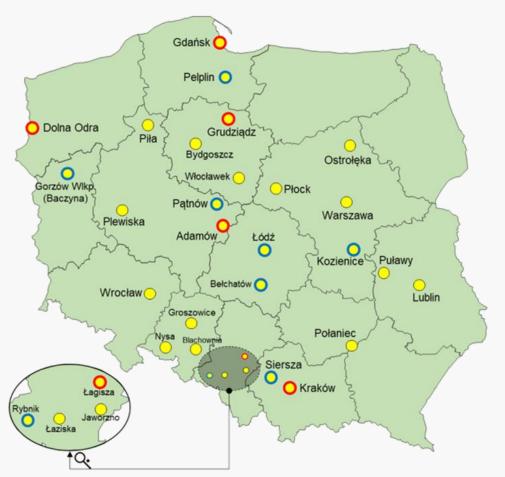




Future of the gas market?



PSE - DEVELOPMENT PLAN



- Potencjalne lokalizacje w okresie 2030-2040
- 🔵 Lokalizacje dla roku 2030 pokrywające się z potencjalnymi lokalizacjami będącymi w obszarze analiz GAZ-System S.A.
- O Lokalizacje dla roku 2040 pokrywające się z potencjalnymi lokalizacjami będącymi w obszarze analiz GAZ-System S.A.

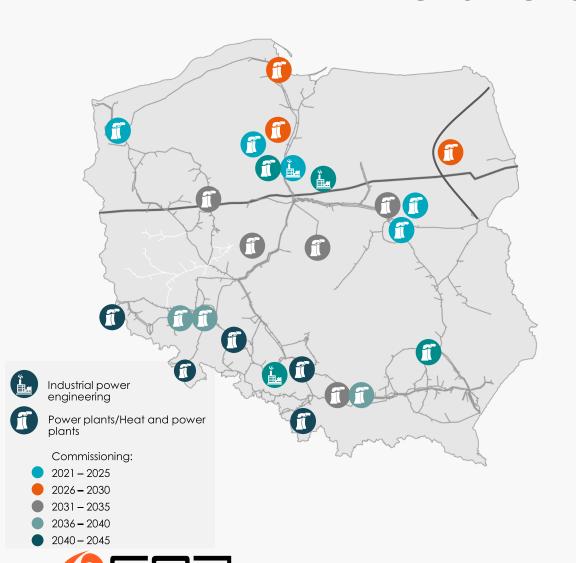
PSE Polish Power Grid Company

With reference to meeting the current and future electricity demand for 2021-2030

- The results of analysis aimed at determining the future structure of electricity generation carried out for the purpose of TSDP update proved a possible significant increase in the number of gas units in NPS.
- For large 500-700 MWe class units, where connection, as per the current state of knowledge, is possible in terms of the power transmission grid.



GAS - GROWING DEMAND ...



- ► The power generation sector is the one with the highest increase in the demand for gas.
- More than 29 facilities are at the stage of evaluation or investment processes based on:
 - Location
 - Development potential
 - Service life of carbon-based equipment

INFRASTRUCTURE AND ITS DEVELOPMENT

Demand for transmission service

Electrical Power Engineering Industry
Residents/trade/services

Import/Export needs

Optimisation of assets
Expansion of interconnections
Expansion of connections to TGPS

Domestic sources

Conventional sources

Non-conventional sources



Transmission security

SoS Regulation
Diversification of supply sources and directions
Expansion of interconnections

The role of gas

Gas in the economy
New technologies in the gas industry
Development of services for LNG and RE gases
Environment protection

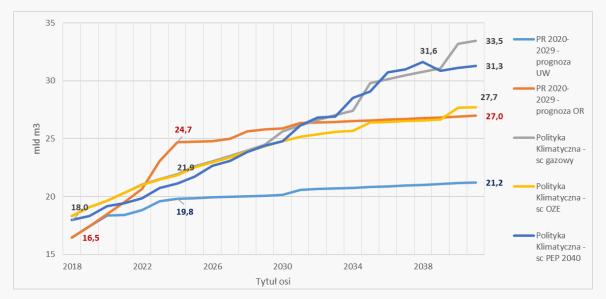
Market integration

Infrastructure: BEMIP, corridor N-S Cooperation platforms / Network Codes Increased competitiveness



DEVELOPMENT FORECASTS 2020-2029

Forecast of domestic demand for transmission service



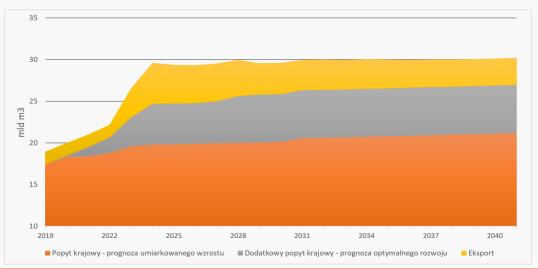
- ► The investments that are currently planned will secure firm transmission of **up to approx**. **5 billion m³** in the coming years
- ► Increased transmission / export will require the gas sources to expand



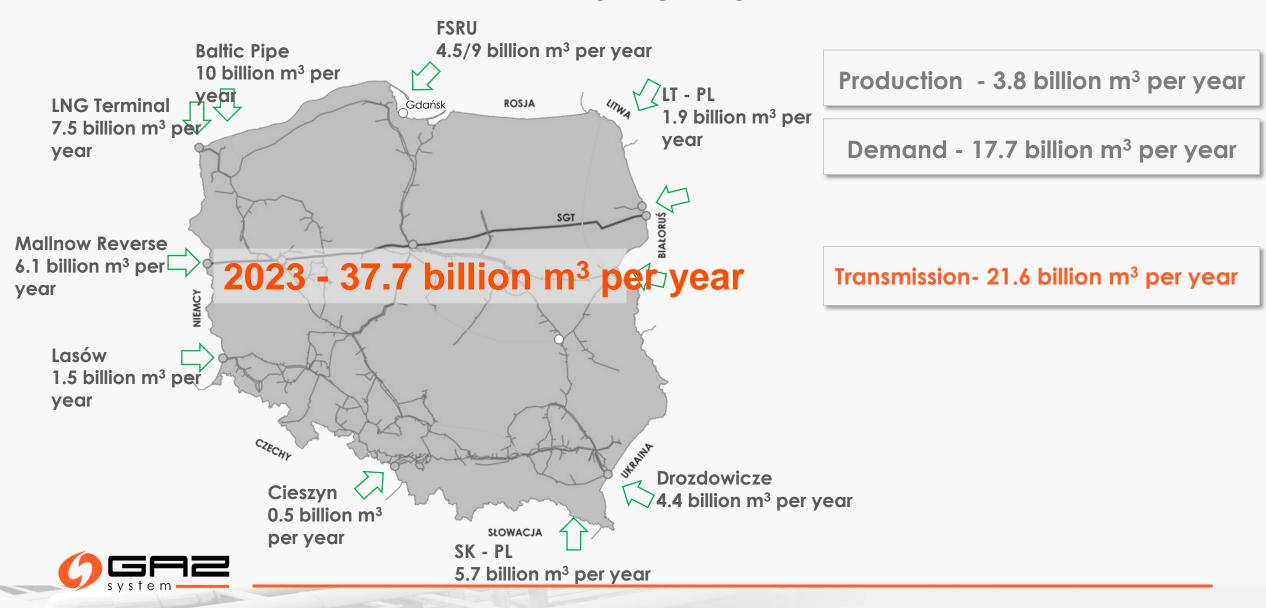
Forecasts include:

- Capacity allocation
- Issued conditions for connection
- Concluded connection agreements
- Statistics
- Market research and analysis
- Reporting data

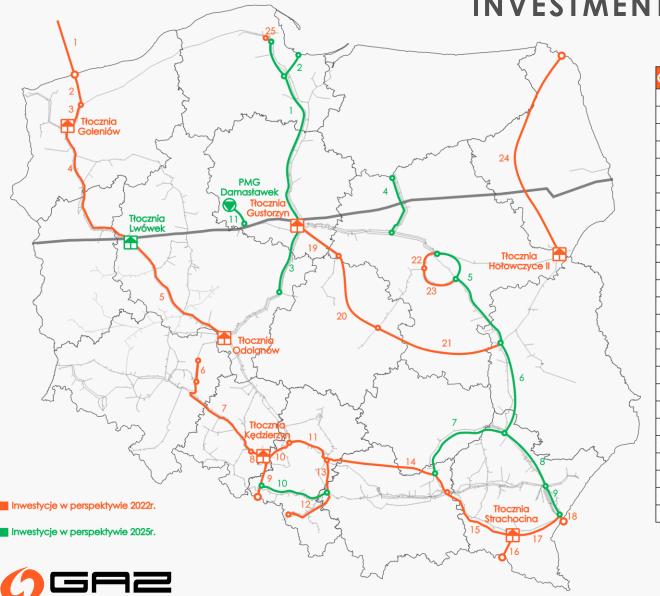
Demand for transmission service including export



DIVERSIFICATION



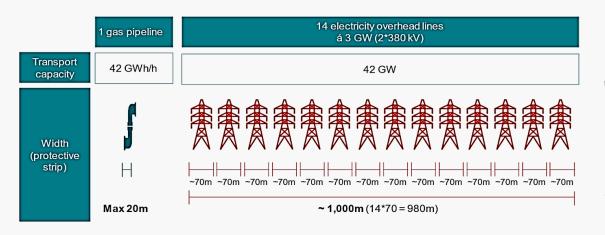
INVESTMENTS

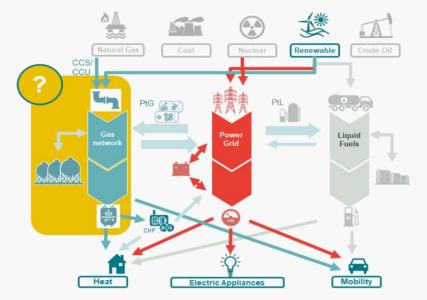


| Gaz | ociągi w perspektywie 2022r. |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Baltic Pipe |
| 2 | Niechorze - Płoty |
| 3 | Płoty - Goleniów |
| 4 | Goleniów - Lwówek |
| 5 | Lwówek - Odolanów |
| 6 | Czeszów - Kiełczów |
| 7 | Wrocław - Zdzieszowice |
| 8 | Zdzieszowice - Kędzierzyn-Koźle |
| 9 | Kędzierzyn Koźle - Granica RP |
| 10 | Kędzierzyn Koźle - Tworóg |
| 11 | Tworóg - Tworzeń |
| 12 | Skoczów - Komorowice - Oświęcim |
| 13 | Oświęcim - Tworzeń |
| 14 | Pogórska Wola - Tworzeń |
| 15 | Strachocina - Pogórska Wola |
| 16 | Strachocina - Granica RP |
| 17 | Strachocina - Hermanowice |
| 18 | Hermanowice - Granica RP |
| 19 | Gustorzyn - Leśniewice |
| 20 | Leśniewice - Rawa Mazowiecka |
| 21 | Rawa Mazowiecka - Wronów |
| 22 | Warszawa Północ - Mory |
| 23 | Mory - Wola Karczewska |
| 24 | Hołowczyce - Granica RP |
| 25 | Reszki - Wiczlino |

| Ga | zociągi w perspektywie 2025r. |
|----|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Reszki - Gustorzyn |
| 2 | Gdańsk - KSP (Kolnik) |
| 3 | Wieniec - Adamów |
| 4 | Uniszki Zawadzkie - Płońsk |
| 5 | Warszawa Północ - Wronów |
| 6 | Wronów - Rozwadów |
| 7 | Swarzów - Rozwadów |
| 8 | Rozwadów - Jarosław |
| 9 | Jarosław - Hermanowice |
| 10 | Racibórz - Oświęcim |
| 11 | Damasławek - Mogilno |

ANTICIPATING THE FUTURE





Predicting and designing the construction of "adequate" electricity infrastructure and gas infrastructure so that they are capable of maintaining sufficiently high levels of synergy between depends on a number of factors, particularly when striving to maintain low or decreasing level of emissions.

- ▶ Heat
- ► Energy storage facilities
- Power market
- **▶** Transport



THE FUTURE - MANY VARIABLES

COSTS LOCAL SUPPORT BUSINESS **REGULATIONS** CO₂, PM Prices of energy RES New investments Co-generation carriers $NO_{x'}SO_{x'}$ CAPEX Winter package Local security Certificates Industry Cost-Efficiency OPEX SMOG BAT, MCP, IED effectiveness Region attractiveness Environmental Society Funds EU ETS charges



DEVELOPMENT OF THE GAS TRANSMISSION NETWORK



Power engineering and District heating



RES



Energy eff.







Clean air



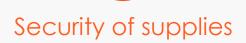
Cooperation between sectors



Reduction of emissions

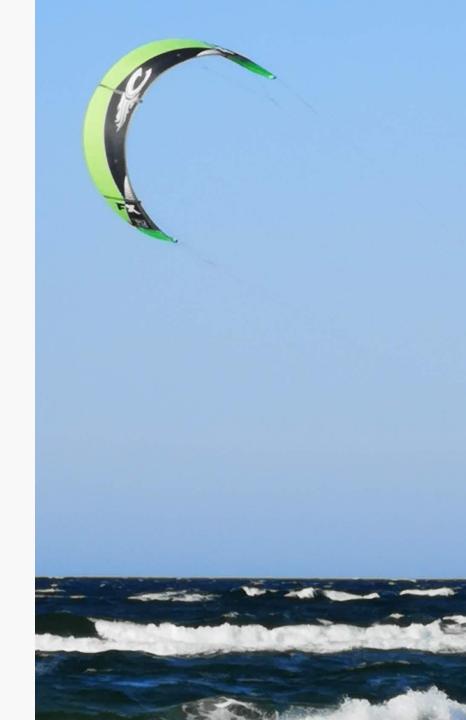


Renewable gas

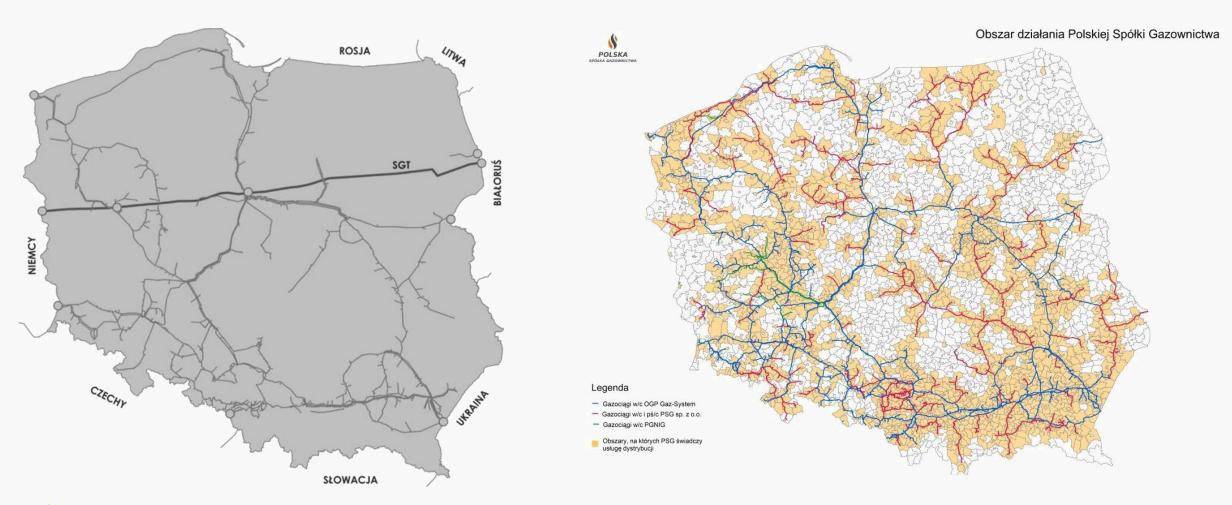




ONE NEEDS COURAGE TO BE OPEN FOR FEEDBACK

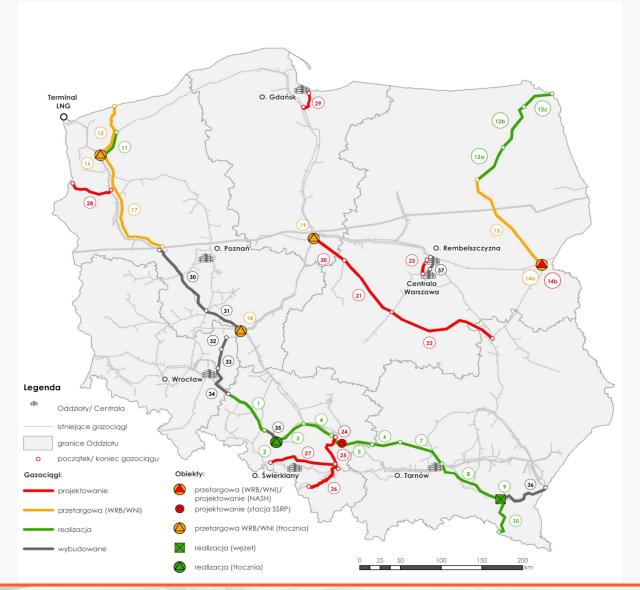


POLAND - GASIFICATION





UPDATE OF THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY



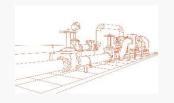




TEN-YEAR NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN



10



TEN-YEAR

PLAN

The obligation to prepare a development plan with regard to meeting the current and future demand for gaseous fuels arises from the provisions of Article 16 (1) of the Energy Law

The Plan is based on:

- Documents related to the Energy Policy
- The concept of spatial development of the country
- Gas demand forecast
- ► GAZ-SYSTEM Investment Plan for 2019-2021
- Assessments, concepts and current data on the company's business





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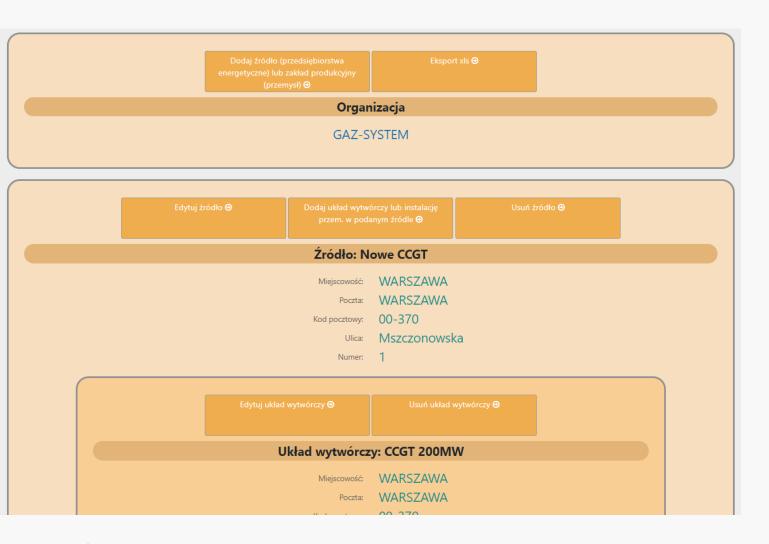


REGISTRATION



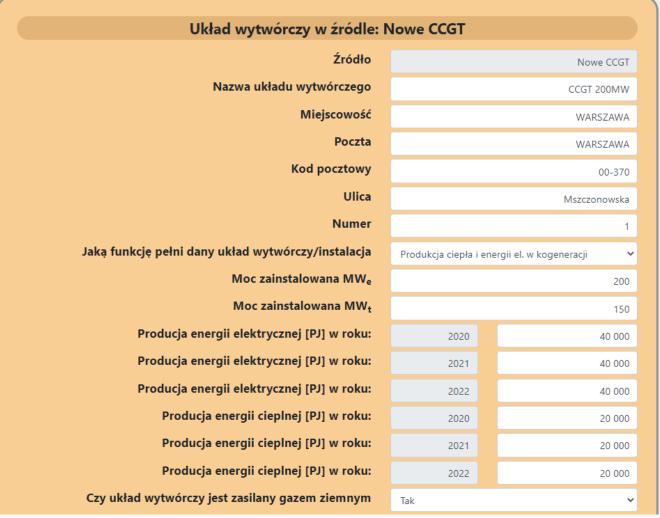
- Register your organisation
- Enter the necessary contact information
- Confirm the necessary approvals
- Answer the e-mail/ Confirm your participation





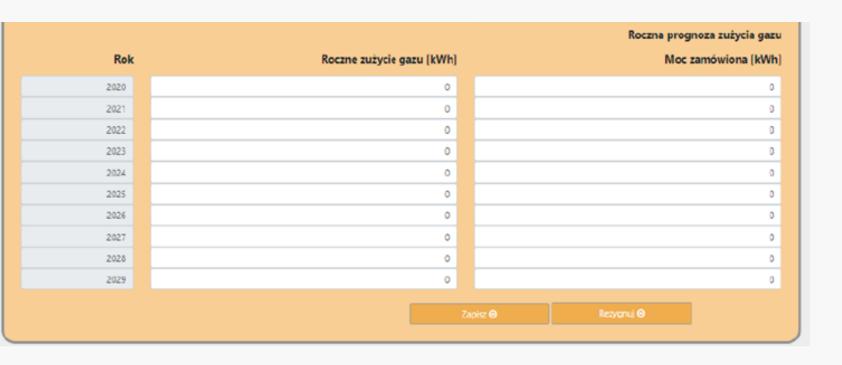
- Upon signing in, you will see your organization
- Create a source enter the necessary technical information
- Create a generation system operating in the source





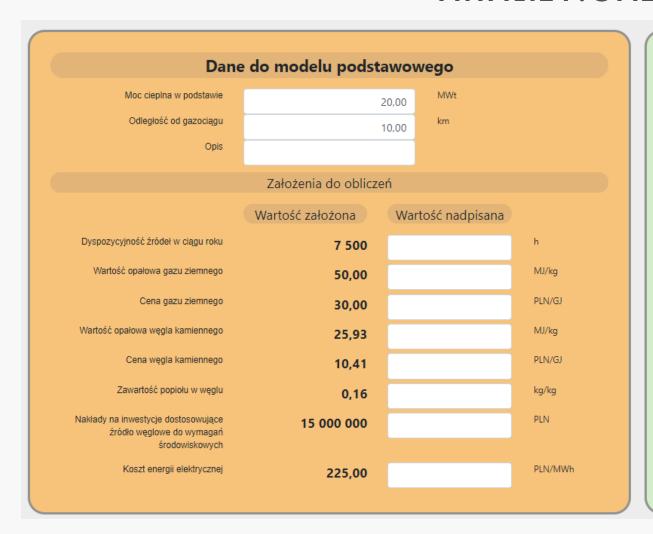
- Capacities
- Generation of heat and/or electricity
- Type of fuel used





- Gas consumption forecasts
- Ordered capacity





| | Istniejący kocioł węglowy | 3 nowe silniki gazowe na gaz ziemny | |
|-------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 4 PLN/GJ | 31,384 | 25,045 | Cena ciepła |
| 6 Mg/GJ | 0,116 | 0,142 | Jednostkowa emisja CO2 |
| 5 PLN/GJ | 12,465 | 15,262 | Jednostkowy koszt CO2 |
| MWh/rok | | 188 697 | Wyprodukowana energia elektryczna |
| mln PLN/rok | | 42,46 | zychód ze sprzedaży energii elektrycznej |







Thank you for your attention

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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION s y s t e m