

Publication of the information referred to in Article 29 of the TAR NC¹, for gas year 2022/2023

1. The reserve prices for interconnection points and points other than interconnection points where Regulation (EU) 2017/459 rules apply (Article 29 (a) (i) and (b) (i) of the TAR NC).

The presented reserve prices were calculated based on:

- Tariff for high-methane natural gas transmission services of the Transit Gas Pipeline System EuRoPol GAZ S.A. approved on 2 June 2021 (39/2021 https://bip.ure.gov.pl/bip/taryfy-i-inne-decyzje-b/paliwa-gazowe/4007,Taryfyopublikowane-w-2021-r.html), applicable from 1 January till 31 December 2022,
- Tariff for high-methane natural gas transmission services of the Transit Gas Pipeline System EuRoPol GAZ S.A. approved on 16 December 2022 (136/2022 https://bip.ure.gov.pl/bip/taryfy-i-inne-decyzje-b/paliwa-gazowe/4192,Taryfyopublikowane-w-2022-r.html), applicable from 1 January till 31 December 2023.

All prices are given in PLN/MWh/h per h.

The below presented reserve prices are net prices. The given prices shall be increased by the value-added tax (VAT), in the applicable amount resulting from relevant tax regulations.

¹ Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/460 of 16 March 2017 establishing a network code on harmonised transmission tariff structures for gas

| | | Interconnection Points Mallnow entry | | Interconnection Point Mallnow exit | | Interconnection Point Point of Interconnection (PWP exit) | |
|----------------------|-------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Product Type | Unit | Standardard capacity products for firm capacity | Standard capacity products for interruptible capacity | Standardard capacity products for firm capacity | Standard capacity products for interruptible capacity | Standardard capacity products for firm capacity | Standard capacity products for interruptible capacity |
| Yearly product* | PLN/MWh/h/h | 1.4573 | 1.3116 | 1.4573 | 1.3116 | 0.4825 | 0.4343 |
| Yearly product** | PLN/MWh/h/h | 4.4120 | 3.9708 | 4.3080 | 3.8772 | 4.3080 | 3.8772 |
| Quarterly product* | PLN/MWh/h/h | 1.6030 | 1.4427 | 1.6030 | 1.4427 | 0.5308 | 0.4777 |
| Quarterly product** | PLN/MWh/h/h | 4.8532 | 4.3679 | 4.7388 | 4.2649 | 4.7388 | 4.2649 |
| Monthly product* | PLN/MWh/h/h | 1.8945 | 1.7050 | 1.8945 | 1.7050 | 0.6273 | 0.5645 |
| Monthly product** | PLN/MWh/h/h | 5.7356 | 5.1620 | 5.6004 | 5.0404 | 5.6004 | 5.0404 |
| Daily product* | PLN/MWh/h/h | 2.8417 | 2.5576 | 2.8417 | 2.5576 | 0.9409 | 0.8468 |
| Daily product** | PLN/MWh/h/h | 8.6034 | 7.7431 | 8.4006 | 7.5605 | 8.4006 | 7.5605 |
| Within-Day product* | PLN/MWh/h/h | 2.8417 | 2.5576 | 2.8417 | 2.5576 | 0.9409 | 0.8468 |
| Within-Day product** | PLN/MWh/h/h | 8.6034 | 7.7431 | 8.4006 | 7.5605 | 8.4006 | 7.5605 |

* Tariff for high-methane natural gas transmission services of the Transit Gas Pipeline System EuRoPol GAZ S.A. approved on 2 June 2021

** Tariff for high-methane natural gas transmission services of the Transit Gas Pipeline System EuRoPol GAZ S.A. approved on 16 December 2022

2. Multipliers and seasonal factors (Article 29 (a) (ii) of the TAR NC)

In accordance with the Communiqué of the President of Energy Regulatory Office No 14/2020 concerning multipliers, seasonal factors and discounts, referred to in Article 28(1)(a) to (c) of the Tariff Code, to be taken into account in the calculation of tariffs for gaseous fuels transmission services for the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 (https://www.ure.gov.pl/pl/urzad/informacje-ogolne/komunikaty-prezesa-

<u>ure/9342,Informacja-nr-112021.html</u>) and the Communique of the President of Energy Regulatory Office No 11/2022 concerning multipliers, seasonal factors and discounts, referred to in Article 28(1)(a) to (c) of the Tariff Code, to be taken into account in the calculation of tariffs for gaseous fuels transmission services for the period from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (<u>https://www.ure.gov.pl/pl/urzad/informacje-ogolne/komunikaty-prezesa-</u> <u>ure/10166,Informacja-nr-112022.html</u>) the following multipliers for short-term products will be applied during the period of gas year 2022/2023.

| Month | Product type | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------|---------|-------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Quarterly | Monthly | Daily | Within-Day | | | |
| Multiplier | 1.10 | 1.30 | 1.95 | 1.95 | | | |

3. The justification of the President of Energy regulatory office for the level of multipliers (article 29 (a) (iii) of the TAR NC).

The presented multipliers applicable in the period of gas year 2022/2023 were calculated in line with the requirements set out in the TAR NC with regard to existing market conditions (the level of the services offered, the availability of the services provided, the structure of the demand for long-term and short-term services and therefore the structure of the long-term and short-term).

Due to the fact that multipliers are set at equal levels for all entry and exit points to and from the transmission system, all the system users pay equal rates for short-term contract despite the contractual paths.

4. The justification of the President of Energy regulatory office for the usage and level of seasonal factors (article 29 (a) (iv) of the TAR NC).

During the period of gas year 2022/2023 the seasonal factors will not be applied .

5. The valuation of the probability of interruption (article 29 (b) (i), (ii) and (iii) of the TAR NC).

For standard interruptible capacity products applies 10% ex-ante compensation, calculated based on para 8.8. of the Tariff No 1/2023 for gaseous fuels transmission of the Polish Section of the Transit Gas Pipeline System Yamal – Europe

Given the absence of interruptible capacity reduction during the period under analysis, the assessment of the probability of interruption of the interruptible service provision was performed using the expertise of the Operator's technical services. The probability of service interruption was estimated based on capacity booking data for the period between 1 July 2020 and 30 June 2021 using the D-2 dynamic method. The method is based on the actual recorded flows and comparing these to the capacity that could be offered as interruptible products and then determining the level of capacity that could be subject to reduction.